# **ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION**

# **CORBIN RUSSWIN**

ED5000 SERIES MECHANICAL EXIT DEVICE



A slight individual or collective push on the activating bar, which is perpendicular to the door, triggers the opening of the Emergency Exit, in any circumstances. Corbin Russwin ED5000 series exits are available in multiple locking arrangements including Rim, Mortise Surface Vertical Rod, and Concealed Vertical rod in both panic and fire rated versions.

# Corbin Russwin

# **ASSA ABLOY**

ASSA ABLOY is committed to providing products and services that are environmentally sound throughout the entire production process and the product lifecycle. Our unconditional aim is to make sustainability a central part of our business philosophy and culture, but even more important is the job of integrating sustainability into our business strategy. The employment of EPDs will help architects, designers and LEED-APs select environmentally preferable door openings. The Corbin Russwin ED5000 Series Mechanical Exit Device EPD provides detailed requirements with which to evaluate the environmental and human health impacts related to producing our door openings. ASSA ABLOY will continue our efforts to protect the environment and health of our customers/end users and will utilize the EPD as one means to document those efforts.





# **ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION**



Corbin Russwin ED5000 Mechanical Exit Device

According to EN 15804 and ISO 14025 Dual Recognition by UL Environment and Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.

This declaration is an environmental product declaration (EPD) in accordance with ISO 14025. EPDs rely on Life Cycle Assessment (LCA) to provide information on a number of environmental impacts of products over their life cycle. Exclusions: EPDs do not indicate that any environmental or social performance benchmarks are met, and there may be impacts that they do not encompass. LCAs do not typically address the site-specific environmental impacts of raw material extraction, nor are they meant to assess human health toxicity. EPDs can complement but cannot replace tools and certifications that are designed to address these impacts and/or set performance thresholds - e.g. Type 1 certifications, health assessments and declarations, environmental impact assessments, etc. Accuracy of Results: EPDs regularly relyon estimations of impacts, and the level of accuracy in estimation of effect differs for any particular product line and reported impact. Comparability: EPDs are not comparative assertions and are either not comparable or have limited comparability when they cover different life cycle stages, are based on different product category rules or are missing relevant environmental impacts. EPDs from different programs may not be comparable.



PROGRAM OPERATOR	UL Environment									
DECLARATION HOLDER	Corbin Russwin, an ASSA ABLOY	Group company								
ULE DECLARATION NUMBER										
IBU DECLRATION NUMBER	PD-ASA-20150129-IBA1-EN									
DECLARED PRODUCT	ED5000 Mechanical Exit Device	ED5000 Mechanical Exit Device								
REFERENCE PCR	IBU: PCR Locks and fittings (mecl 2014	hanical & electromechanical locks & fittings), 07-								
DATE OF IOOUE	M 40, 0045									
DATE OF ISSUE	May 18, 2015									
PERIOD OF VALIDITY	5 years									
General information Product / Product description  CONTENTS OF THE LCA calculation rules DECLARATION LCA scenarios and further technical information LCA results References										
The PCR review was conducted b	y:	IBU – Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.  PCR was approved by the Independent Expert  Committee (SVA)								
The CEN Norm EN 15804 serves was independently verified in account Underwriters Laboratories	as the core PCR. This declaration ordance with ISO 14025 by	ubl								
□ INTERNAL		Wade Stout								
This life cycle assessment was inc with EN 15804 and the reference	dependently verified in accordance PCR by:	IBU – Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.								





#### 1. General Information

#### **Corbin Russwin**

#### Programme holder

IBU - Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. Panoramastr. 1 10178 Berlin

Germany

#### **Declaration number**

EPD-ASA-20150129-IBA1-EN

# This Declaration is based on the Product Category Rules:

Locks and fittings, 07.2014 (PCR tested and approved by the independent expert committee)

Nermanes

#### Issue date

18.05.2015

#### Valid to

17.05.2020

Prof. Dr.-Ing. Horst J. Bossenmayer (President of Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.)

Dr.-Ing. Buckhadt Lekraann (Managing Director IBU)

# **ED5000 Series Mechanical Exit Device**

#### Owner of the Declaration

Corbin Russwin 225 Episcopal Rd Berlin, CT 06037 USA

#### **Declared product / Declared unit**

The declaration represents 1 mechanical panic exit device – ED5000 series mechanical consisting of the following items: rim exit device and lever trim

#### Scope:

This EPD is based on the full lifecycle of 1 Corbin Russwin ED5000 series mechanical rim panic device. Data was collected from the exit device manufacturer in Berlin, Connecticut (US). The owner of the declaration shall be liable for the underlying information and evidence; the IBU shall not be liable with respect to manufacturer information, life cycle assessment data and evidences.

#### Verification

The CEN Standard EN 15804 serves as the core PCR Independent verification of the declaration according to ISO 14025

x externally



#### 2. Product

#### 2.1 Product description

**Product name:** ED5000 Series Mechanical Exit Device

Product characteristic: mechanical panic exit device

A slight individual or collective push on the activating bar, which is perpendicular to the door, triggers the opening of the Emergency Exit, in any circumstances. Corbin Russwin ED5000 series exits are available in multiple locking arrangements including Rim, Mortise Surface Vertical Rod, and Concealed Vertical rod in both panic and fire rated versions.

The ED5000 rim device is available is available in 3 standard lengths, with multiple mechanical and electrified options for both exit and trim.

#### 2.2 Application

In compliance with security regulations against fire in public places (art. C045) designed to equip:

- Emergency exit doors
- Frequently used communicating doors

- Types of doors
- Metal or wooden doors
- Metal, aluminum or PVC framed doors with a narrow stile
- Single or double leaf doors (separate or with rebated edge)
- Designed for all types of public, particularly children, the elderly and the disabled.

#### 2.3 Technical Data

The table presents the technical properties of ED5000 Series Mechanical Exit Device:

#### **Technical data**

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Item	Value
Door types	Door Types Wood or metal 1-3/4" (44 mm) minimum thickness standard. Doors thickness 1-3/4" to 2-1/4" optional
Rail size	Rails are available in 3 sizes, from the factory and can be cut to fit on



#### ASSA ARI OV

Item	Value
	installation • Standard 36" (914 mm) bar fits 30" – 36" (762 mm – 914 mm) door • Optional: 24" (610 mm) bar fits 24" (610 mm) door • Optional: 48" (1219 mm) bar fits 36" – 48" (914 mm – 1219 mm) door
Door stile	Minimum width 4-1/2" (114 mm)
Projection	Pushbar Neutral – 3-1/4" (83 mm) Pushbar Depressed – 2-3/4" (70 mm)
Device centerline from finished floor	Device Centerline from 41" (1041 mm). For Standard Applications Finished Floor

#### 2.4 Placing on the market / Application rules

The products are subject to UL marking. Relevant norms are:

ANSI/BHMA A156.3 American Standard for Exit Devices

#### 2.5 Delivery status

Exit device delivered as a complete unit, inclusive of exit device, strike and fasteners. Delivered in a box size 40" x 10.25" x 6" (1016 x 260 x 152mm). Exit trim is packaged separately, delivered in a box size 18" x 11.25" x 5" (457x 286 x 127mm).

#### 2.6 Base materials / Ancillary materials

The average composition for ED5000 Series Mechanical Exit Device is as following:

Component	Percentage in mass (%)
Aluminum	11.38
Plastics	1.04
Stainless Steel	38.63
Steel	45.0
Zinc	3.78
Others	0.17
Total	100.0

#### 2.7 Manufacture

Products are manufactured and assembled in the United States and are supported by tier-1 supplier in Mexico. The components come from processes such as stamped steel, zinc and steel casting.

# 2.8 Environment and health during manufacturing

ASSA ABLOY is committed to integrating our sustainability efforts across the organization. Our priorities are to: reduce resource and energy consumption; reduce carbon emissions; improve water and waste management; improve health and safety performance in operations; improve sustainability performance within our supply chain and enhance the sustainability performance in ASSA ABLOY's supply of door opening solutions. Inspections, audits, and reviews are conducted periodically to ensure that applicable standards are met and environmental management systems are evaluated.

Our Code of Conduct covers business ethics, workers' rights, human rights, environment and health & safety,

consumer interests and community outreach. It provides the framework for ASSA ABLOY's daily operations.

- The Berlin facility complies the requirements of the Code of Federal Requirements (CFR) 29 part 1910 General Industry and are under the oversight of the United States Department of Labor and the Occupational Safety and Health Administration.
- The Berlin facility is currently certified to ISO 9001-2008. Upgrading to 9001-2014 in 2015. Lab Certification audit to ISO 17025 in Dec 2014. Working towards ISO 14000 with current goal of 1st quarter 2015.
- Any waste metals (chips) during machining are separated and recycled.
- Waste cleaners and rinses are processed internally in our Waste Water Treatment facility.
- Waste solids are packaged and shipped offsite for treatment by a CT DEEP approved waste handler.

#### 2.9 Product processing/Installation

Corbin Russwin exit devices and trim are distributed through, and installed by trained technicians, such as locksmiths or security technicians. Preparation of doors and frames are conducted at the door manufacturer's production site.

#### 2.10 Packaging

ED5000 mechanical panic exit devices are packed in a cardboard box with corrugated carton inlays. The packaging is fully recyclable.

Material	Value (%)
Cardboard/paper	99.89
Plastics	0.11
Total	100.0

#### 2.11 Condition of use

Exit device requires no maintenance.

#### 2.12 Environment and health during use

There is no harmful emissive potential. No damage to health or impairment is expected under normal use corresponding to the intended use of the product.

#### 2.13 Reference service life

The reference service life of 30 years is based on a typical installation of a Corbin Russwin ED5000 Exit Device, operated when the facilities are to be closed or opened. If operations per day exceeds that typical wear the locks are exposed to the life time is limited to 500,000 cycles in accordance with ANSI/BHMA A156.3.

Influences on ageing when applied in accordance with the rules of technology.

## 2.14 Extraordinary effects

#### Fire

Suitable for use in fire and smoke doors (listed by Underwriters Laboratories)

#### Water

Contain no substances that have any impact on water in case of flood. Electric operation of the device will be influenced negative.



#### **Mechanical destruction**

No danger to the environment can be anticipated during mechanical destruction.

#### 2.15 Re-use phase

The product is possible to re-use during the reference service life and be moved to one door to another. The majority, of components is aluminum, steel, stainless steel and zinc which can be recycled. The exit device can be mechanically dissembled to separate the different materials. The plastic components can be used for energy recovery in an incineration plant.

#### 2.16 Disposal

No disposal is foreseen for the Mechanical Exit Device nor for the corresponding packaging.

#### 2.17 Further information

Corbin Russwin 225 Episcopal Rd Berlin, CT 06037 USA Tel 800-543-3568 www.corbinrusswin.com

# 3. LCA: Calculation rules

#### 3.1 Declared Unit

The declaration refers to the functional unit of 1 piece of Corbin Russwin ED5000 series mechanical rim panic device as specified in Part B requirements on the EPD for PCR Locks and fittings: (mechanical & electromechanical locks & fittings).

#### **Declared unit**

Name	Value	Unit
Declared unit	116.299 kg	1 piece of mechanical panic exit device
Conversion factor to 1 kg	0.0086	-

#### 3.2 System boundary

Type of the EPD: cradle to gate - with Options The following life cycle phases were considered:

#### Production stage:

- A1 Raw material extraction and processing
- A2 Transport to the manufacturer and
- A3 Manufacturing

#### Construction stage:

- A4 Transport from the gate to the site
- A5 Packaging waste processing

#### The use stage:

• B2 - Maintenance (cleaning of the exit device)

#### End-of-life stage:

- C2 Transport to waste processing
- C4 Disposal (landfill)

This includes provision of all materials, products and energy, packaging processing and its transport, as well as waste processing up to the end-of waste state or disposal of final residues.

 D - Declaration of all benefits or recycling potential from EOL and A5.

#### 3.3 Estimates and assumptions

#### EoL:

In the End-of-Life phase, for all the materials which can be recycled, a recycling scenario with 100% collection rate was assumed

#### 3.4 Cut-off criteria

In the assessment, all available data from the production process are considered, i.e. all raw materials used, auxiliary materials (e.g. lubricants), thermal energy consumption and electric power consumption - including material and energy flows contributing less than 1% of mass or energy (if available). In case a specific flow contributing less than 1% in mass or energy is not available, worst case assumption proxies are selected to represent the respective environmental impacts.

Impacts relating to the production of machines and facilities required during production are out of the scope of this assessment.

### 3.5 Background data

For life cycle modeling of the considered products, the GaBi 6 Software System for Life Cycle Engineering, developed by PE INTERNATIONAL AG, is used /GaBi 6 2013/. The GaBi-database contains consistent and documented datasets which are documented in the online

GaBi-documentation /GaBi 6 2013D/.

To ensure comparability of results in the LCA, the basic data of GaBi database were used for energy, transportation and auxiliary materials.

#### 3.6 Data quality

The requirements for data quality and background data correspond to the specifications of the /IBU PCR PART A/.

PE INTERNATIONAL performed a variety of tests and checks during the entire project to ensure high quality of the completed project. This obviously includes an extensive review of project-specific LCA models as well as the background data used.

The technological background of the collected data reflects the physical reality of the declared products. The datasets are complete and conform to the system boundaries and the criteria for the exclusion of inputs and outputs.

All relevant background datasets are taken from the GaBi 6 software database. The last revision of the used background data has taken place not longer than 10 years ago.

#### 3.7 Period under review

The period under review is 2013/14 (12 month average).



#### 3.8 Allocation

Regarding incineration, the software model for the waste incineration plant (WIP) is adapted according to the material composition and heating value of the combusted material. In this EPD, the following specific life cycle inventories for the WIP are considered for:

- Waste incineration of plastic
- Waste incineration of paper

Regarding the recycling material of metals, the metal parts in the EoL are declared as end-of-waste status.

Thus, these materials are considered in module D. Specific information on allocation within the background data is given in the GaBi dataset documentation.

#### 3.9 Comparability

Basically, a comparison or an evaluation of EPD data is only possible if all the data sets to be compared were created according to /EN 15804/ and the building context, respectively the product-specific characteristics of performance, are taken into account.

## 4. LCA: Scenarios and additional technical information

The following technical information is a basis for the declared modules or can be used for developing specific scenarios in the context of a building assessment if modules are not declared (MND).

Installation into the building (A5)

Name	Value	Unit
Output substances following waste treatment on site (Paper packaging)	21.15	kg
Output substances following waste treatment on site (Plastics packaging)	0.0234	kg

Maintenance (B2)

Name	Value	Unit
Other resources – detergents	0.1	kg/a
Water for cleaning	0.1	kg/a

#### Reference service life

Name	Value	Unit
Reference service life	30	а

End of life (C1-C4)

Name	Value	Unit
Collected separately Aluminum, Stainless Steel, Steel, Zinc	93.982	kg
Collected as mixed construction waste – construction waste for landfilling	1.144	kg
Recycling Aluminum	10.823	kg
Recycling Stainless Steel	36.749	kg
Recycling Steel	42.81	kg
Recycling Zinc	3.6	kg
Reuse Plastic Parts	0.986	kg
Reuse Paper	0.158	kg

# Reuse, recovery and/or recycling potentials (D), relevant scenario information

Name	Value	Unit
Collected separately waste type (including packaging)	116.299	kg
Recycling Aluminum	9.3	%
Recycling StainlessSteel	31.6	%
Recycling Steel	36.81	%
Recycling Zinc	3.09	%
Reuse Paper	0.14	%
Reuse Plastics	0.85	%
Reuse Paper packaging (from A5)	18.19	%
Reuse Plastic packaging (from A5)	0.02	%



# 5. LCA: Results

Results shown below were calculated using CML 2000 – Apr. 2013 Methodology.

DESC	RIP	TION O	F THE S	YSTEM	BOL	ND	ARY	(X = I)	NCL	UDE	D IN	ILCA:	MN	D = N	/OD	ULE N	OT DE	CL	ARED)		
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			STA	GE															UNDARYS		
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<b>A1</b>	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	B4	Е	35	В6	В7	C	C1	C2	C3	C4		D		
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## 6. LCA: Interpretation

This chapter contains an interpretation of the Life Cycle Impact Assessment categories. Stated percentages in the whole interpretation are related to the overall life cycle, excluding credits (module D).

The production phase (modules A1-A3) contributes between 79% and 100% to the overall results for all the environmental impact assessment categories hereby considered. Within the production phase, the main contribution for all the impact categories is the production of steel, with app. 98%, mainly due to the energy consumption on this process. Steel and

stainless steel accounts with app. 83% to the overall mass of the product, therefore, the impacts are in line with the mass composition of the product. The environmental impacts for the transport (A2) have a negligible impact within this stage.

In the end-of-life phase, there are loads and benefits (module D, negative values) considered. The benefits are considered beyond the system boundaries and are declared for the recycling potential of the metals and for the credits from the incineration process (energy substitution).

## 7. Requisite evidence

Not applicable in this EPD.

#### 8. References

#### **Institut Bauen und Umwelt**

Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V., Berlin (pub.): Generation of Environmental Product Declarations (EPDs);

#### **General principles**

for the EPD range of Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. (IBU), 2013-04 www.bau-umwelt.de

#### **PCR Part A**

Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V., Berlin (pub.): Product Category Rules for Construction Products from the range of Environmental Product Declarations of Institut Bauen und Umwelt (IBU), Part A: Calculation Rules for the Life Cycle Assessment and Requirements on the Background Report. April 2013 www.bau-umwelt.de

#### **PCR Part B**

IBU PCR Part B: PCR Guidance-Texts for Building-Related Products and Services. From the range of Environmental Product Declarations of Institute Construction and Environment e.V. (IBU). Part B: Requirements on the EPD for Locks and fittings. www.bau-umwelt.com

#### ISO 14025

ISO 14025:2011-10: Environmental labels and declarations — Type III environmental declarations — Principles and procedures

#### EN 15804

EN 15804: 2012+A1:2014: Sustainability of construction works — Environmental Product Declarations — Core rules for the product category of construction products

#### ISO 14001

Environmental management systems - Requirements with guidance for use (ISO 14001:2004 + Cor. 1:2009)

#### ANSI/BHMA A156.3-2008

Standard ANSI/BHMA A156.3-2008 establishes requirements for exit devices and trim, automatic and self-latching flush bolts, removable mullions, coordinators, and carry-open bars. Functions and types are described and numbered.

#### A117.1 Accessibility Code

Standard for Accessible and Usable Buildings and Facilities as mandated by law and incorporated by reference by the States and Municipalities, including Ohio in the Ohio Administrative Code 4401:8-44-01.

#### GaBi 6 2013

GaBi 6 2013: Software-System and Database for Life Cycle Engineering. Copyright, TM. Stuttgart, Leinfelden-Echterdingen, 1992-2013.

#### GaBi 6 2013D

GaBi 6 2013D: Documentation of GaBi 6: Software-System and Database for Life Cycle Engineering. Copyright, TM. Stuttgart, Leinfelden-Echterdingen, 1992-2013. http://documentation.gabi-software.com/

#### **UL and ULc Standards**

ULC Standards develops and publishes standards and specifications for products having a bearing on fire, life safety and security, crime prevention, energy efficiency, environmental safety, security of assets and facilities, live working and workplace safety and other areas. ULC Standards is accredited by the Standards Council of Canada as a consensus based Standards Development Organization under the National Standards System of Canada.

# 9. Annex

Results shown below were calculated using TRACI Methodology.

DES	CRIPT	TION C	F THE	SYST	FM B	OUN	DARY	(X = IN)	ICI UI	ÞΓ	) IN	I CA	· MND	= MOL	ULEN	OT DE	CL A	(RFD)	
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Ra	-	Manufacturing						Replacement <sup>1)</sup>		Operational energy	)		De-construction	5   F	Waste processing		~ ~ ~	2 2 2	
			ات ا						14	lo	)	Ō			>				
<b>A</b> 1	A2	А3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	ı	B6	В7	C1	C2	C3	C4		D	
X	Х	Х	X	Χ	MND	Χ	MND	MND	MND		IND	MNI			MND	Χ		Χ	
RES	RESULTS OF THE LCA - ENVIRON			MEN	ITAL II	/IPACT	: One	pi	ece	ED5	000 Se	eries Me	echanic	al Exi	t De	vice			
Parameter			Parameter				Unit		A1 - A	A1 - A3		A4 A		B2	C2	C2 (		D	
GWP		G	Global warming potential				[kg CC	) <sub>2</sub> -Eq.]	4.32E+02		3.37E	+00 3	3.02E+0	1 -2.31E+	00 2.81E+	00 2.46	2.46E+00 -1.75E+		
OD	)P	Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer			eric	[kg CFC	5.64E	64E-08 1.72		E-11 1.47E-10		7.13E-1	1 1.43E-	11 7.89E-12		4.24E-08			
AP A		Acidificat	Acidification potential of land and water				[kg SC	2.92E-	.92E+00 2.02		E-02 8.35E-03		3 5.62E-0	62E-02 1.68E-0		02 7.36E-04 -			
EF			Eutrophication potential					. 0					4.81E-0					-2.72E-02	
Sm		Ground	Ground-level smog formation potential				[kg O	2.90E-			1.95E-0			3.46E-01 5.78E-03 5.57E+00 1.07E-01					
Resou		<u> </u>			20112	<u> </u>	[N	-									E-01	-1.47E+02	
	ULTS	OF TH			SOUR	JE U								anical I					
Parameter		Parameter					Unit	A1 - A	A3			A5		B2	C2	C4		D	
PI	PERE		Renewable primary energy as energy carrier				[MJ]	1.50E-	+03			-		-	-	-		-	
PE	PERM		Renewable primary energy resources as material utilization				[MJ]	[MJ] 0.00E+		0 -		-		-	-	-		-	
D	DEDT		Total use of renewable primary				[N.A.1]	1 505	.02 1	02 1 925,00		7.90E	- 01 1	18E+02	1.53E+00	7.64E	02	-5.54E+02	
PERT		energy resources					[MJ]	1.50E-	+03 1.	03 1.83E+00		7.90E	:-01 1.	10E+02	1.53E+00	7.04E	-02	-5.54E+UZ	
PE	PENRE		Non-renewable primary energy as energy carrier				[MJ]	6.07E-	+03	03 -		-		-	-	-		-	
	DE1/1014		Non-renewable primary energy as				[MJ]	0.005	00	00									
PE	PENRM		material utilization					0.00E-	+00	-		-		-	-	-		-	
PE	PENRT		Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources				[MJ] 6.07E+		03 4.67E+01		+01	9.94E+00		21E+01	3.89E+01			-2.21E+03	
	SM		Use of secondary material				[kg] 1.09E+								0.00E+00			0.00E+00	
	RSF		Use of renewable secondary fuels Use of non-renewable secondary												0.00E+00 0.00E			0.00E+00	
		Use o			seconda	arv		1	_									0.00E+00	
1 1	RSF		f non-rer	newable fuels		ary	[MJ]		+00 0.										
	=W		of non-rer	newable fuels et fresh	water		[m³]	3.59E-	+00 1.	29E-	-03	8.80E	-02 6		1.08E-03	6.02E		-1.70E+00	
RES	=W ULTS	OF TH	of non-rer	newable fuels et fresh	water	FLO	[m³]	3.59E-	+00 1.	29E-	-03	8.80E	-02 6					-1.70E+00	
RES One	=W ULTS	OF TH	Use of no HE LCA	newable fuels et fresh	water TPUT echani	FLO	[m³]	3.59E-	+00 1.	29E-	-03	8.80E	-02 6			6.02E		-1.70E+00 <b>D</b>	
RES One Para	-W ULTS piece	OF TH	Use of no USE OF	newable fuels et fresh - OU ies Me	water TPUT echani	FLO cal E	[m³]	3.59E- ID WA vice Unit	+00 1. STE (	29E-	-03 EG(	8.80E	E-02 6.	13E-02	1.08E-03	6.02E	-03 <b>:4</b>	D	
Para HI	ULTS piece meter WD	OF THE ED500	Use of notes	newable fuels et fresh - OU ies Me Parame ous wast dous was	water TPUT echani ter e dispos	FLO cal E	[m³]	3.59E- ID WA vice Unit [kg]	+00 1.  STE (  A1 - A3  3.09E-0  8.06E+0	29E- AT	-03 FEG( A4 1.06E- 5.87E-	8.80E ORIE -04 6 -03 7	A5 .83E-04 .63E-01	13E-02 B2 3.63E-0: 3.56E-0	1.08E-03  C2  3 8.86E-1  4.89E-03	6.02E 6.02E	-03 <b>24 E</b> -05 <b>E</b> -01	<b>D</b> -5.94E-02 -3.10E+01	
Para	ULTS piece meter WD WD	OF THE ED500	Use of no IE LCA 00 Seri Hazardo on-hazar Radioact	newable fuels et fresh - OU ies Me Parame ous wast dous wa tive was	water TPUT echani ter e disposeste disposete disposete disposete disposete	FLO cal E	[m³]	3.59E- ID WA vice Unit [kg] [kg]	+00 1.  STE (  A1 - A3  3.09E-0  8.06E+0  2.97E-0	29E- AT 1 1 01 5	-03   FEG( A4   1.06E-5.87E-5.11E-	8.80E ORIE -04 6 -03 7 -05 5	A5 .63E-01 .80E-04	13E-02 B2 3.63E-0: 3.56E-0 1.38E-0:	C2 3 8.86E 1 4.89E 3 5.09E	6.02E  05 8.10 03 2.30 05 4.61	-03 E-05 E-05	<b>D</b> -5.94E-02	
Para HI NH	WULTS piece meter WD WD WD RU	OF THE ED500	Use of no HE LCA 00 Seri Hazardo on-hazar Radioaci Comp	newable fuels et fresh OU ies Me Parame uus wast dous wa tive was onents f	water TPUT echani ter e dispos aste dispos te dispos or re-use	FLO cal E	[m³]	3.59E- ID WA vice Unit [kg] [kg] [kg]	A1 - A3 3.09E-0 8.06E+0 2.97E-0	29E- AT 1 1 1 5 1 6	-03 A4 1.06E-5.87E-5.11E-1.00E-1	8.80E ORIE -04 6 -03 7 -05 5 -00 0	A5 .83E-04 .63E-01 .80E-04	3.63E-03 3.56E-0 1.38E-03 0.00E+0	C2 3 8.86E-1 4.89E-3 5.09E-0 0 0.00E+	6.02E  05 8.10 03 2.30 05 4.61 00 0.00	-03 E-05 E-05 E+00	D -5.94E-02 -3.10E+01 -1.54E-01	
Para HI NH RI C	ULTS piece meter WD IWD WD RU FR	OF THE ED500	Use of no HE LCA 00 Seri Hazarddon-hazar Radioact Comp	newable fuels et fresh OU ies Me Parame ous wast dous wa tive was onents frials for i	water TPUT echani ter e dispose aste dispose or re-use recycling	ed osed sed	[m³]	3.59E- ID WA vice Unit [kg] [kg] [kg] [kg]	A1 - A3 3.09E-0 8.06E+0 2.97E-0 0.00E+0	29E- AT 1 1 01 5 1 6 00 0	-03 A4 1.06E-5.87E-5.00E+	8.80E ORIE -04 6 -03 7 -05 5 -00 0.	A5  .83E-04 .63E-01 .80E-04 .00E+00 .12E+01	B2 3.63E-03 3.56E-0 1.38E-03 0.00E+0 0.00E+0	C2 3 8.86E-1 4.89E-1 3 5.09E-1 0 0.00E+	6.02E  6.02E  6.02E  6.02E  6.02E	E-05 E-05 E+00 E+00	<b>D</b> -5.94E-02 -3.10E+01	
RES One Para H\ NH R\ C	WULTS piece meter WD WD WD RU	OF THE ED500	Use of non-rer Hazardcon-hazar Radioact Comp Mater Materials	newable fuels et fresh — OU ies Me Parame pus wast dous wastive was onents frials for infor enei	water TPUT echani ter e dispose aste dispose or re-use recycling	ed osed sed every	[m³]	3.59E- ID WA Vice Unit [kg] [kg] [kg] [kg] [kg] [kg]	A1 - A3 3.09E-0 8.06E+0 0.00E+0 0.00E+0	29E-AT  1 1 1 1 5 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	-03 A4 1.06E- 5.87E- 5.11E- 0.00E+ 0.00E+	8.80E ORIE -04 6 -03 7 -05 5 -00 000 200 0.	A5  .83E-04 .63E-01 .80E-04 .00E+00 .12E+01	3.63E-0: 3.56E-0: 1.38E-0: 0.00E+0: 0.00E+0: 0.00E+0:	C2 3 8.86E-1 4.89E-1 3 5.09E-1 0 0.00E+	6.02E  6.02E  6.02E  6.02E  6.02E	-03 E-05 E+00 E+00	D -5.94E-02 -3.10E+01 -1.54E-01	



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